Solve:

The height of a cake varies directly as the amount of batter available and inversely as the base SCORE: _____/15 PTS area of its baking pan. Baking 3 cups of batter in a 48 square inch pan results in a 2 inch tall cake. How much batter is needed for a 4 inch tall cake in a 36 square inch pan?

FOR FULL CREDIT, YOU MUST IDENTIFY WHAT ALL YOUR VARIABLES REPRESENT, FIND THE SPECIFIC EQUATION CONNECTING THEM, AND SUMMARIZE YOUR FINAL ANSWER IN A SENTENCE USING THE CORRECT UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.

h = HEIGHT OF CAKE
b = AMOUNT OF BATTER

$$a = ARZEA CF PAN$$

 $h = \frac{kb}{a}$
 $h = \frac{32b}{a}$
 $2 = \frac{k(3)}{48}$
 $4 = \frac{32b}{36}$

$$4 = 32$$
 $6 = 4.5$

Subtract and simplify:
$$\frac{x+5}{x^2+7x+12} - \frac{x+6}{x^2+6x+8}$$
 $\frac{x^2+7x+12}{x^2+6x+8} = \frac{x+2}{(x+2)(x+4)}$ SCORE: _____/15 PTS
$$= \frac{x+5}{(x+3)(x+4)} + \frac{x+2}{x+2} + \frac{x+6}{x^2+6x+8} + \frac{x^2+7x+12}{x^2+6x+8} = \frac{x^2+7x+12}{(x+2)(x+4)} + \frac{x+3}{x+3}$$

$$= \frac{x^2+7x+10-(x^2+9x+18)}{(x+2)(x+4)} + \frac{x+3}{x+3}$$

= -2(x+4)

(x+2)(x+3)(x+4)

Subtract and simplify:

= -2x - 8

(x+2)(x+3)(x+4)

 $x^{2}+7x+12=(x+3)(x+4)$

(x+2)(x+3)

SCORE: / 15 PTS

Subtract and simplify:
$$\frac{5x^2 - 8x - 9}{x^2 - 2x - 8} - \frac{3x^2 - 5x + 5}{x^2 - 2x - 8}$$

$$= 2 \times 2 - 3 \times - 14$$
SCORE: _____/15 PTS

$$= \frac{(x+2)(2x-7)}{(x+2)(x-4)}$$
= 2x-7

Solve for x in the following similar triangles:

Simplify:
$$\frac{6x^2 - 7x + 2}{4x^2 + 4x - 3}$$

$$= \underbrace{0 \times -1 \times 3 \times -2}_{0 \times -1 \times 2 \times +3}$$

$$= \underbrace{3 \times -2}$$
SCORE: ___/12 PTS

Find the equation of the horizontal asymptote of
$$y = \frac{5-9x}{15x-10}$$
. Simplify your answer.

X===

SCORE: /8 PTS

Divide and simplify:
$$\frac{32x^2 - 18}{45x^2 - 30x^3} \div \frac{24x - 18}{10x^2 - 15x}$$

$$= \underbrace{2(16x^2 - 9)}_{-15x^2(2x - 3)} \cdot \underbrace{5 \times (2x - 3)}_{6(4x - 3)}$$
SCORE: ____/15 PTS

$$= 2(4x-3)(4x+3), 5x(2x-3)$$

$$-15x^{2}(2x-3), 5x(2x-3)$$

$$-3$$
3

Simplify:
$$\frac{x-6}{4-6} \times (x-6) \times (x-2) \times (x-2$$

(x-6)(x-2)

$$\frac{4x - 8 - 6x + 3}{4x - 2x(x - 14)}$$

4x-8-6x+36

-7x+28

Solve for x:
$$\frac{5}{x^2 + 3x - 4} + \frac{3}{x^2 + 8x + 16} = \frac{1}{x - 1}$$
 CHECK YOUR ANSWER(S). SCORE: ___/15 PTS

$$(x+4)^2(x-1)\left(\frac{5}{(x+4)(x-1)} + \frac{3}{(x+4)^2}\right) = x^2 + 3x - 4 = (x+4)(x-1)$$

$$(x+4)^2(x-1)\left(\frac{1}{(x+4)^2}(x-1)\right)$$

$$(x+4)^2(x-1)\left(\frac{1}{(x-1)}(x+4)^2(x-1)\right)$$

$$(x+4)^2(x-1) = (x+4)^2$$

$$(x-1) = (x+4)^2(x-1)$$

$$(x+4)^2(x-1) = (x+4)^2$$

$$(x+4)^2(x+1) = (x+4)^2$$

$$(x$$

Solve:

SCORE:

$$\frac{63}{x-1} = \frac{63}{x-1} = \frac{6$$

$$\frac{63}{x} = \frac{63}{x-1} - 4$$

$$\times (x-1) \left(\frac{63}{x}\right) = \left(\frac{63}{x-1} - 4\right) \times (x-1)$$

$$63(x-1) = 63 \times -4 \times (x-1)$$

 $363x-63=63x-4x^{2}+4x$ $4x^{2}-4x-63=0$ (2x-9)(2x+7)=0 $x=\frac{9}{2},-\frac{7}{2}$